

tikz-truchet v1.0

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`tikz-truchet` is a package for L^AT_EX that draws Truchet tiles, as features in the article *Too good to be Truchet* by Colin Beveridge¹.

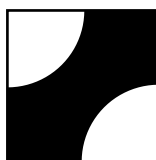
Before starting, I recommend setting the following tikz options to make your pictures look nicer:

```
\tikzset{x=2cm,y=2cm,line cap=round,line join=round, every picture}%
```

1 Squares

`\truchetsquare` You can draw square Truchet tile using the command `\truchetsquare`. The following code will produce the output below.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \truchetsquare{b}{w}{b}{w}{b}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

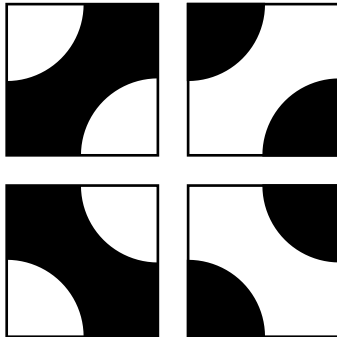


The five inputs of the command are the colour (`b` or `w`) at the centre, the North East, North West, South West, and South East corners (in that order)

You can a square bracketed input to move the tiles. The tiles are 1 unit wide.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \truchetsquare{b}{w}{b}{w}{b}
  \truchetsquare[(1.2,0)]{w}{b}{w}{b}{w}
  \truchetsquare[(0,-1.2)]{b}{b}{w}{b}{w}
  \truchetsquare[(1.2,-1.2)]{w}{w}{b}{w}{b}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

¹Chalkdust Magazine issue 08, Autumn 2018, <http://chalkdustmagazine.com/features/too-good-to-be-truchet/>



`\diagonalsquare` The command `\diagonalsquare` can be used to draw a square tile that is half white and half black along a diagonal.

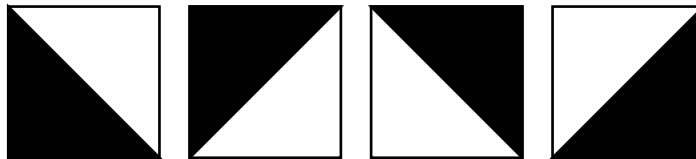
```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \diagonalsquare{x}{w}{x}{b}
\end{tikzpicture}
```



The four inputs are the color (`b` or `w`), or `x` if the colour changes at that corner, of the North East, North West, South West, and South East corners (in that order).

`\tileA` There are only five such tiles. They can be created using the convenience functions `\tileA`, `\tileB`, `\tileC`, and `\tileD`.

```
\tileB \begin{tikzpicture}
\tileC   \tileA
\tileD   \tileB[(1.2,0)]
         \tileC[(2.4,0)]
         \tileD[(3.6,0)]
\end{tikzpicture}
```

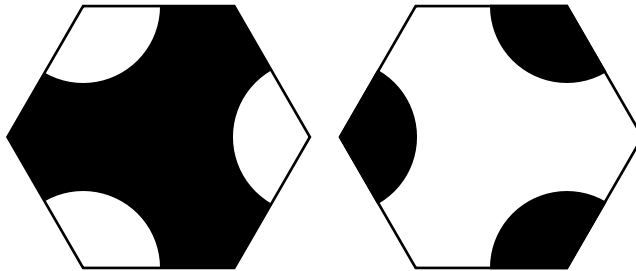


2 Hexagons

To draw hexagonal Truchet tiles, you can use the commands `\truchetex` and `\truchetsplithex`.

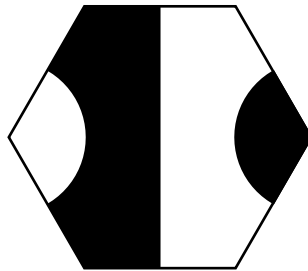
`\truchethex` The command `\truchethex` takes 7 inputs: the colour (b or w) at the centre, then all the corners starting at the top left and going clockwise. Again an argument can be passed in square brackets to move the tile.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \truchethex{b}{w}{b}{w}{b}{w}{b}
  \truchethex[(2.2,0)]{w}{w}{b}{w}{b}{w}{b}
\end{tikzpicture}
```



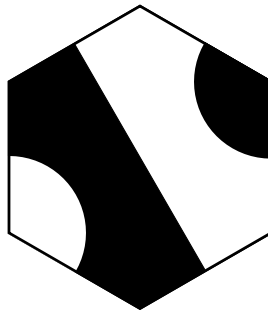
`\truchetsplithex` The command `\truchetsplithex` draws a Truchet tile split in half like the following.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \truchetsplithex
\end{tikzpicture}
```



`rotatehex` The environment `rotatehex` can be used to rotate a hexagonal tile about its centre. The angle should be given in degrees.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \begin{rotatehex}{30}
    \truchetsplithex
  \end{rotatehex}
\end{tikzpicture}
```



3 Cubes

`\truchetcube` The command `\truchetcube` can be used to draw Cubes with differently coloured faces. The six inputs of the command are the colour (`b` or `w`) of the bottom, front, right, back, left, and top faces of the cube (in that order).

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[x=1.2cm,y=1.2cm]
\truchetcube{w}{w}{w}{w}{w}{w}
\truchetcube[(0,-3cm)]{b}{b}{b}{b}{b}{b}
\truchetcube[(2.4cm,0)]{w}{w}{w}{w}{w}{b}
\truchetcube[(2.4cm,-3cm)]{b}{b}{b}{b}{b}{w}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

